Norges Bank's regional network

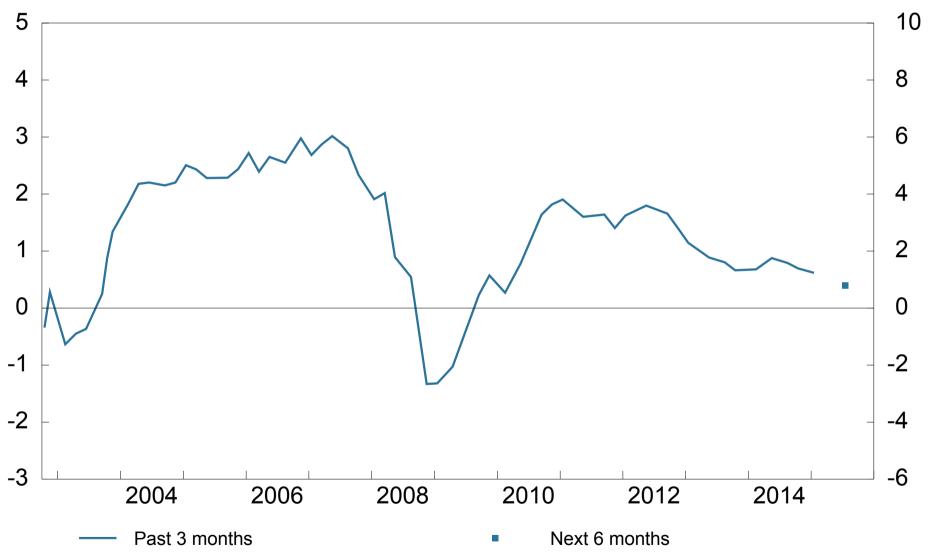
Survey 2015 1, National Charts

Interviews carried out 13 January – 16 February



Output growth. Aggregated

Past 3 months and next 6 months Index¹, left-hand scale; percent (annualised), right-hand scale

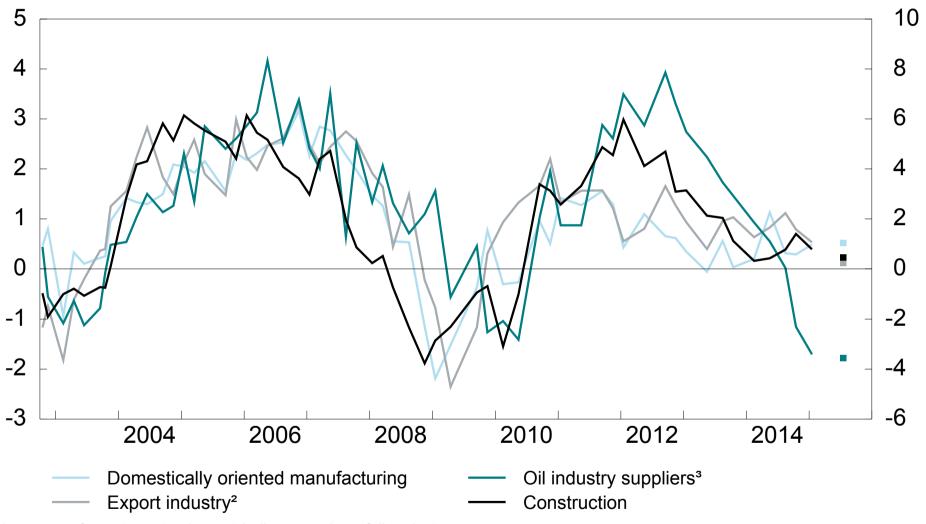


¹ The index ranges from -5 to +5, where -5 indicates a sharp fall and +5 indicates strong growth. See article 'Norges Bank's regional network: fresh and useful information' in Economic Bulletin 2/09 for further information.



2 Output growth. Manufacturing and construction

Past 3 months and next 6 months Index¹, left-hand scale; percent (annualised), right-hand scale



¹ The index ranges from -5 to +5, where -5 indicates a sharp fall and +5 indicates strong growth. See article 'Norges Bank's regional network: fresh and useful information' in Economic Bulletin 2/09 for further information.

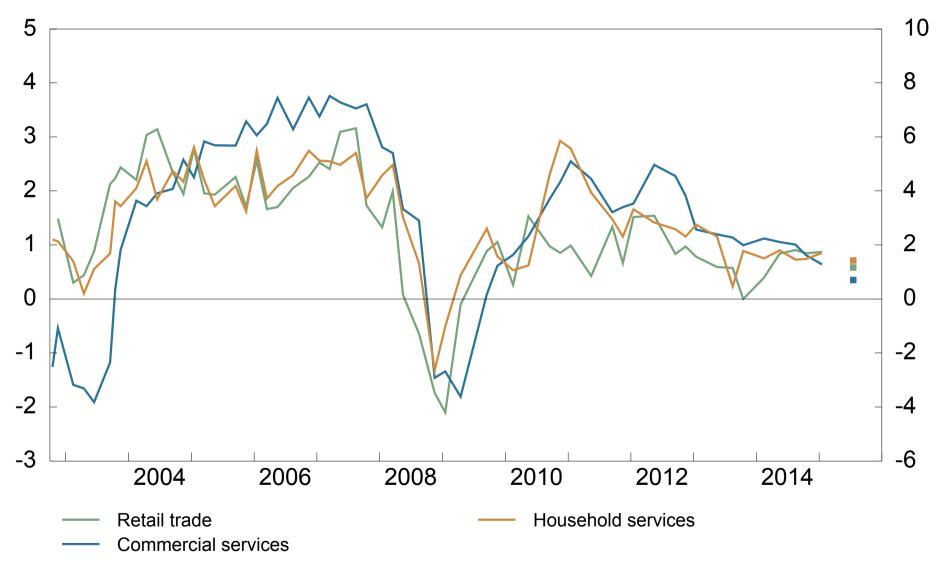
³ Supplies to the petroleum sector, Norwegian continental shelf



² Including petroleum-related exports to the global market

3 Output growth. Retail trade and services

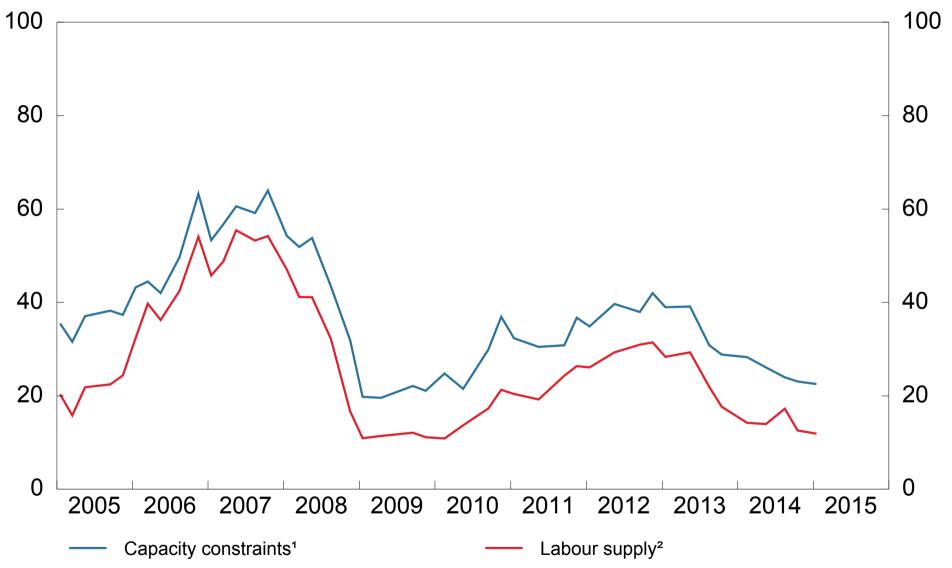
Past 3 months and next 6 months Index¹, left-hand scale; percent (annualised), right-hand scale



¹ The index ranges from -5 to +5, where -5 indicates a sharp fall and +5 indicates strong growth. See article 'Norges Bank's regional network: fresh and useful information' in Economic Bulletin 2/09 for further information.



4 Capacity constraints and labour supply. Aggregated Percent

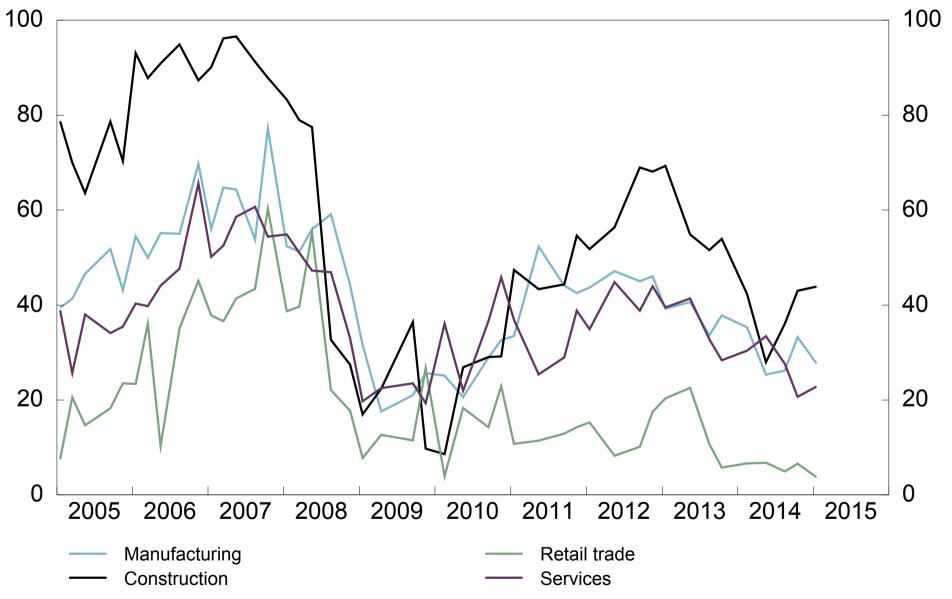


¹ Share of contacts that will have some or considerable problems accommodating an increase in demand.

² Share of contacts where production is constrained by labour supply.



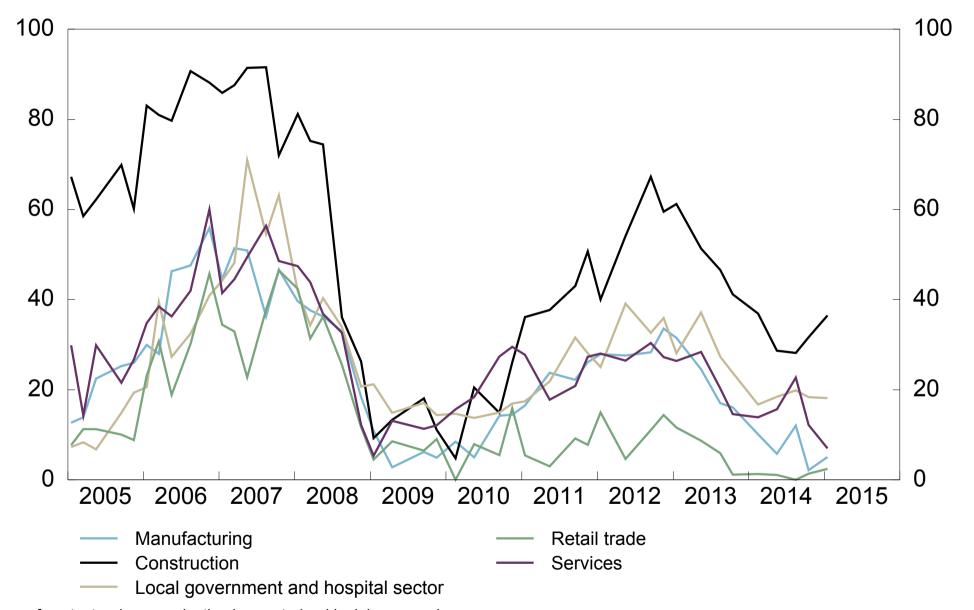
5 Capacity constraints¹. All sectors Percent



¹ Share of contacts that will have some or considerable problems accommodating an increase in demand.



6 Labour supply¹. All sectors Percent

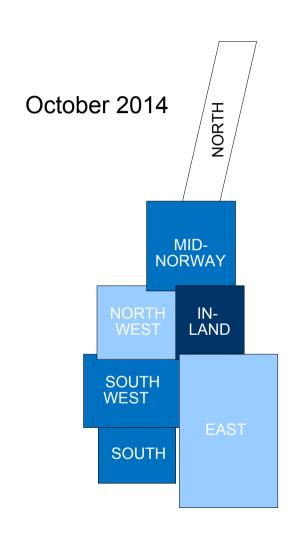


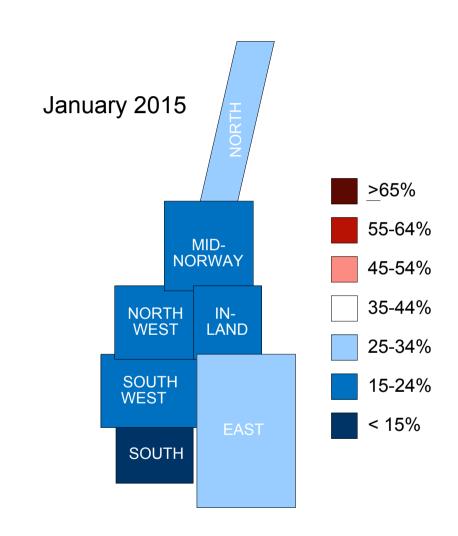
¹ Share of contacts where production is constrained by labour supply.



7 Capacity constraints. All regions. Aggregated Share of contacts that will have some or considerable problems accommodating

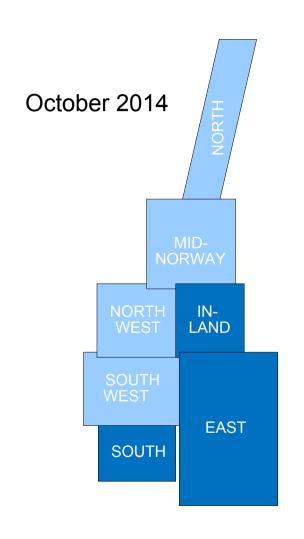
an increase in demand

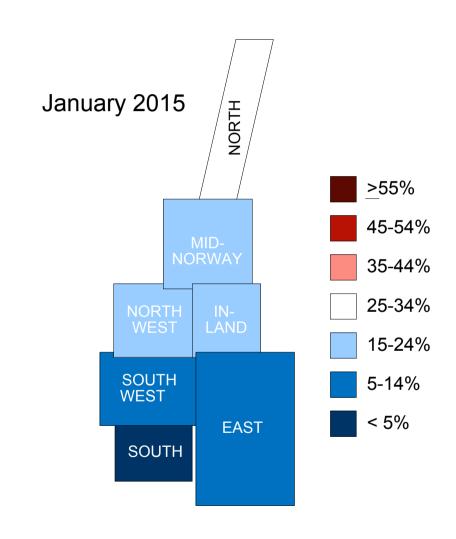






8 Labour supply. All regions. Aggregated Share of contacts where production is constrained by labour supply

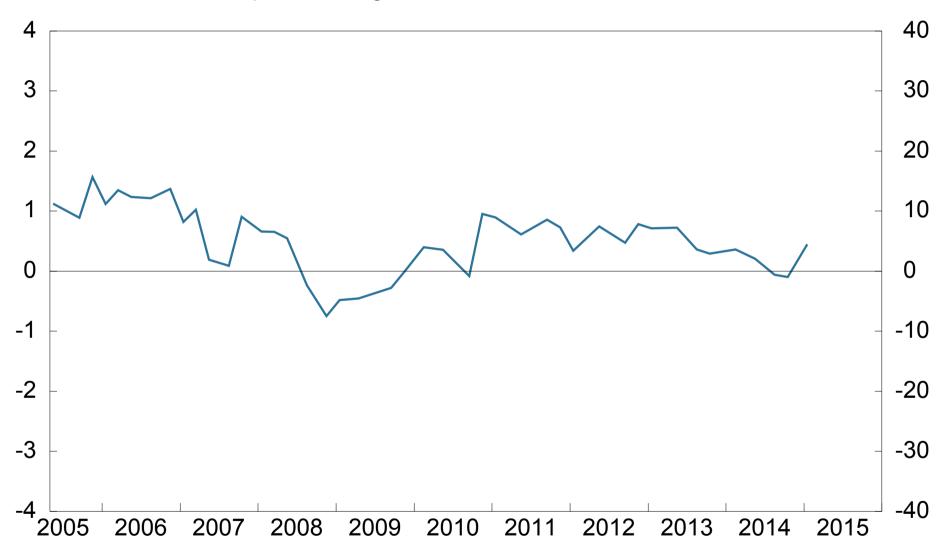






9 Investment growth. Aggregated

Expected change in investment next12 months Index¹, left-hand scale; percent, right-hand scale

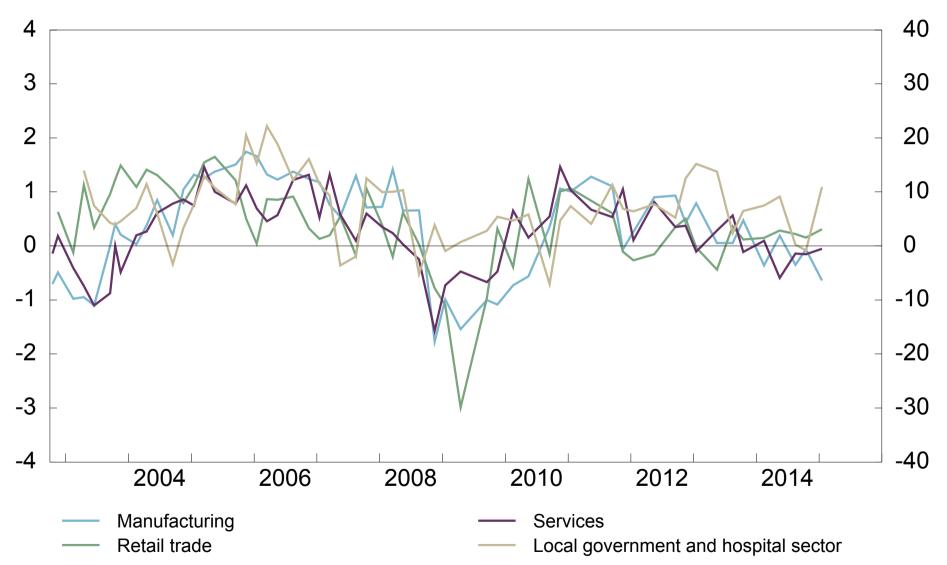


¹ The index ranges from -5 to +5, where -5 indicates a sharp fall and +5 indicates strong growth. See article 'Norges Bank's regional network: fresh and useful information' in Economic Bulletin 2/09 for further information.



10 Investment growth. All sectors

Expected change in investment next 12 months Index¹, left-hand scale; percent, right-hand scale

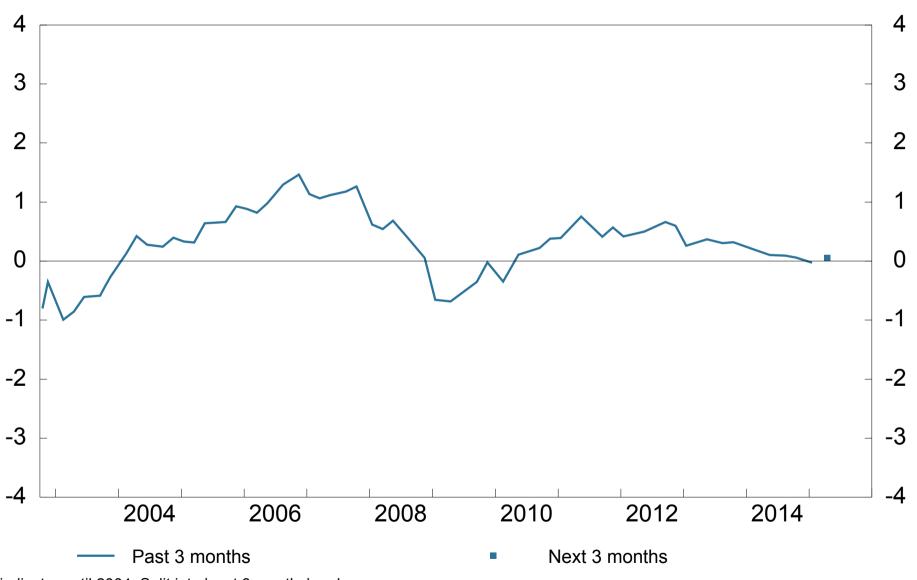


¹ The index ranges from -5 to +5, where -5 indicates a sharp fall and +5 indicates strong growth. See article 'Norges Bank's regional network: fresh and useful information' in Economic Bulletin 2/09 for further information.



11 Employment growth. Aggregated Past 3 months and next 3 months¹

Past 3 months and next 3 months Percent

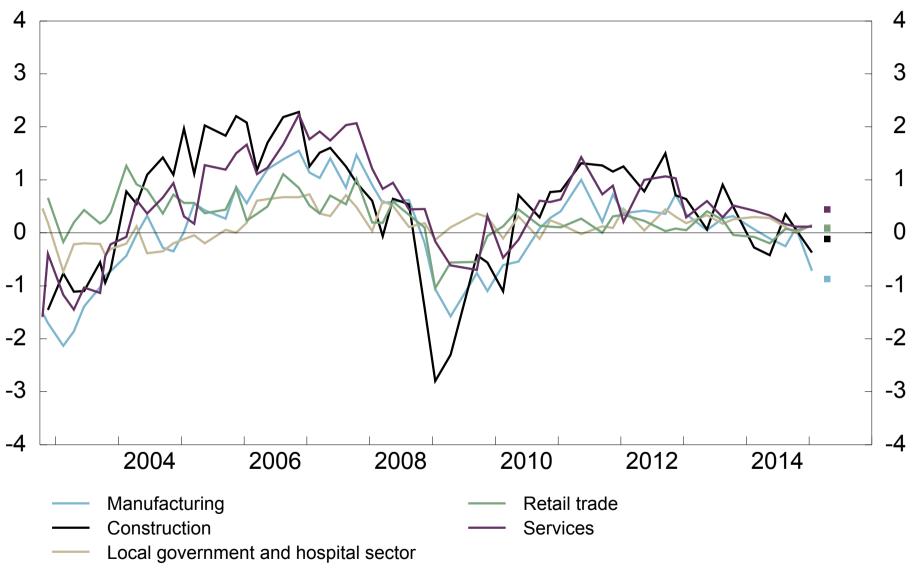


¹ Mixed indicator until 2004. Split into 'past 3 months' and next 3 months' as from 2005.



12 Employment growth. All sectors

Past 3 months and next 3 months¹ Percent

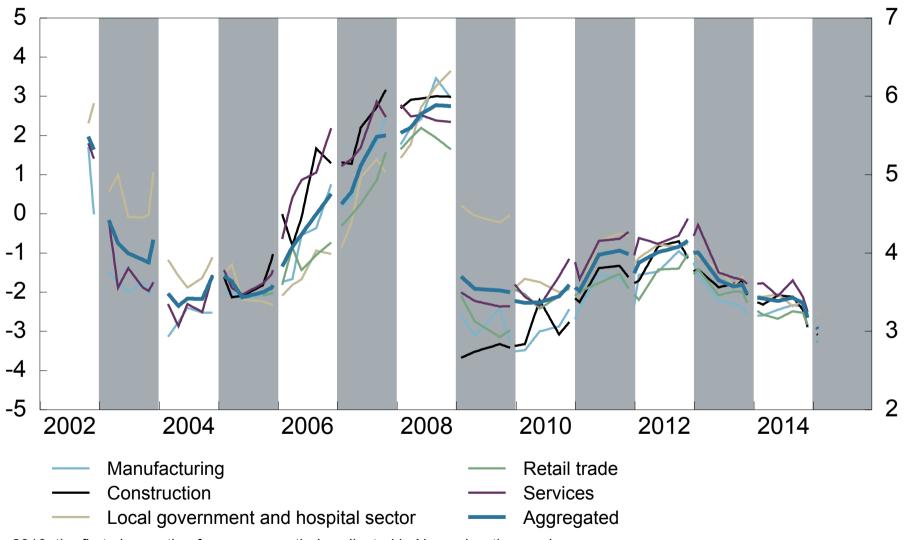


¹ Mixed indicator until 2004. Split into 'past 3 months' and next 3 months' as from 2005.



13 Annual wage growth. Aggregated and all sectors

Contacts' estimates for each year¹
Index² - left-hand scale, percent - right-hand scale



¹ As from 2010, the first observation for wage growth is collected in November the previous year.

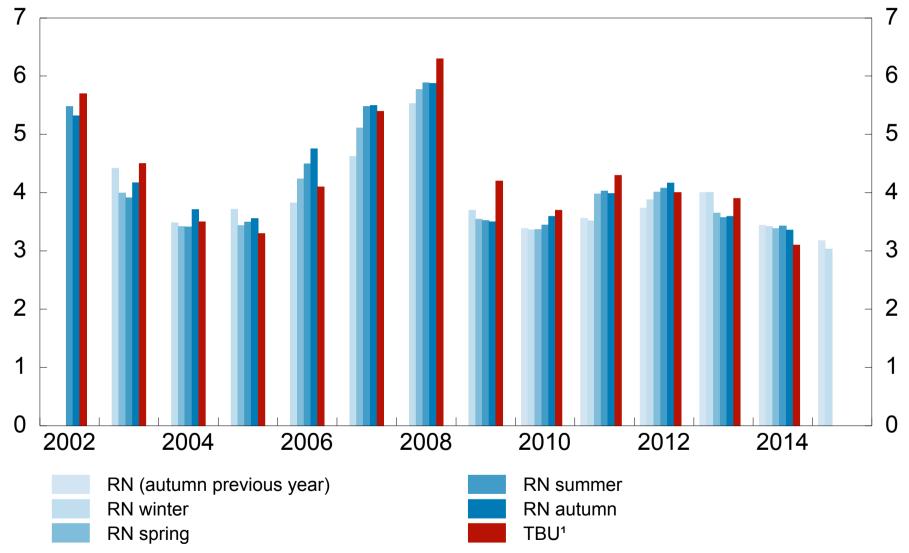
² The index ranges from -5 to +5.

See article 'Norges Bank's regional network: fresh and useful information' in Economic Bulletin 2/09 for further information.



14 Annual wage growth. Aggregated

Technical Reporting Committee on Income Settlements (TBU) compared with network contacts' estimates (RN). Percent

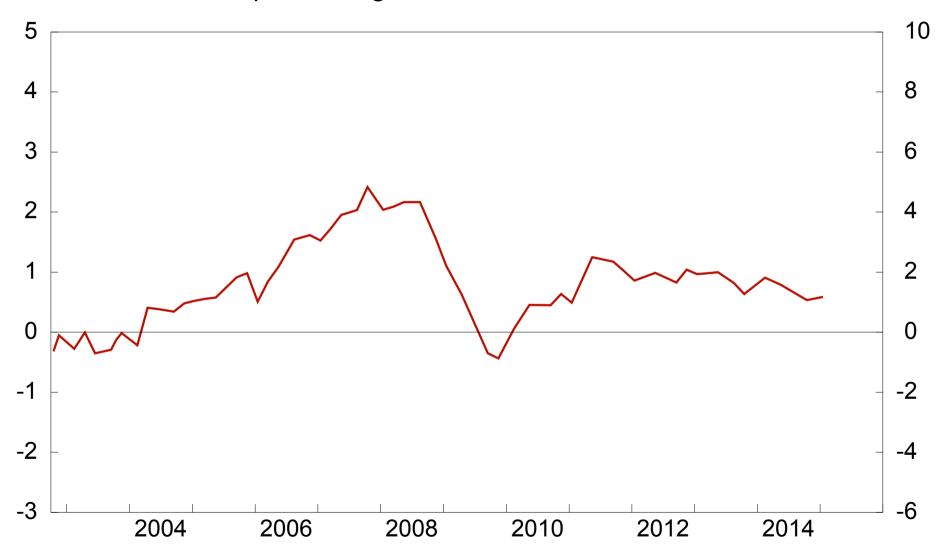


¹ For 2010: Wage growth for employees at enterprises affiliated to an employer organisation and in the public administration including the health trusts.



15 Selling prices. Aggregated

Change past 12 months Index¹, left-hand scale; percent, right-hand scale

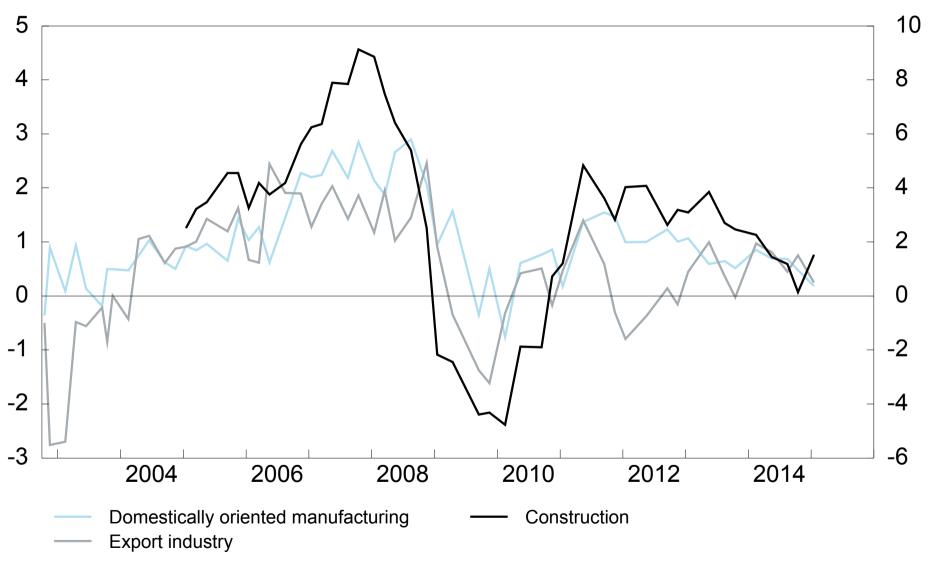


¹ The index ranges from -5 to +5, where -5 indicates a sharp fall and +5 indicates strong growth. See article 'Norges Bank's regional network: fresh and useful information' in Economic Bulletin 2/09 for further information.



16 Selling prices. Manufacturing and construction

Change past 12 months Index¹, left-hand scale; percent, right-hand scale

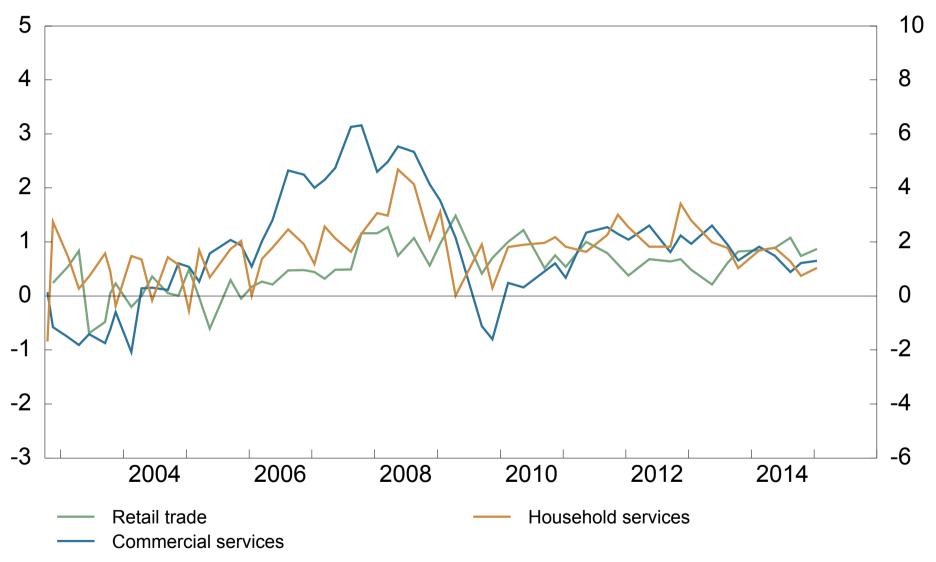


¹ The index ranges from -5 to +5, where -5 indicates a sharp fall and +5 indicates strong growth. See article 'Norges Bank's regional network: fresh and useful information' in Economic Bulletin 2/09 for further information.



17 Selling prices. Retail trade and services

Change past 12 months Index¹, left-hand scale; percent, right-hand scale

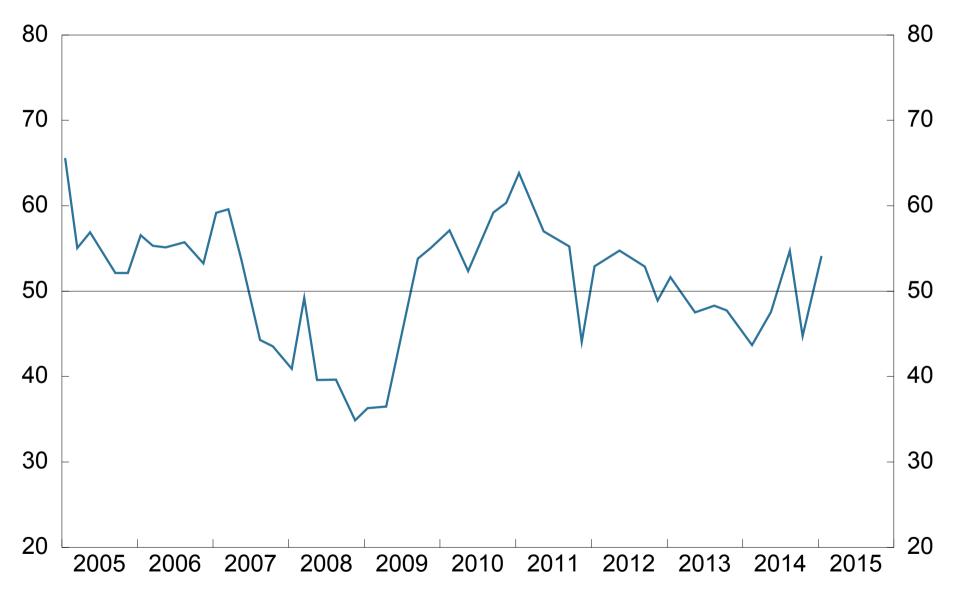


¹ The index ranges from -5 to +5, where -5 indicates a sharp fall and +5 indicates strong growth. See article 'Norges Bank's regional network: fresh and useful information' in Economic Bulletin 2/09 for further information.



18 Selling prices 12 months ahead. Aggregated

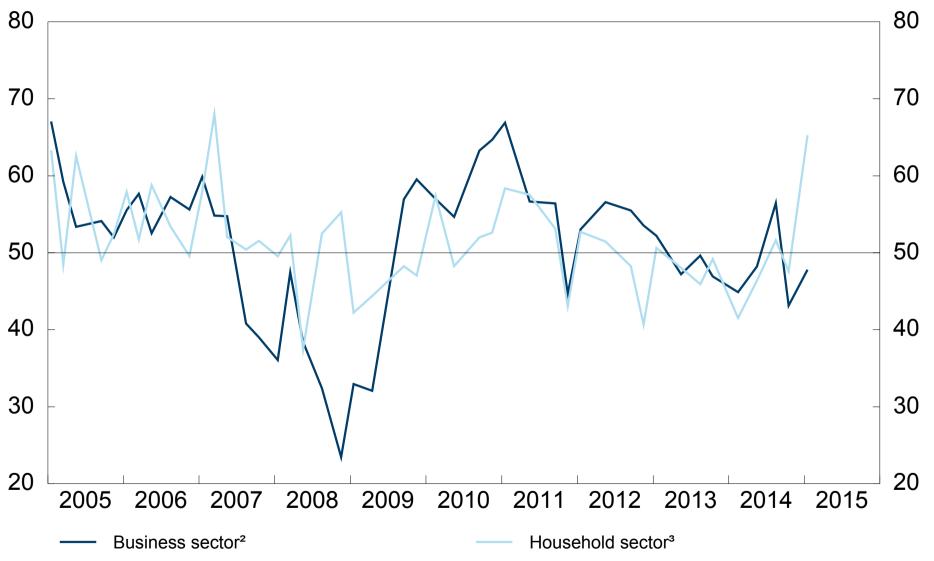
Expected change in rise in prices Diffusion index¹



¹ Share that expects higher rise in prices + (1/2 * share that expects prices to remain unchanged)



19 Selling prices next 12 months. Business and household sector Expected change in rise in prices Diffusion index¹



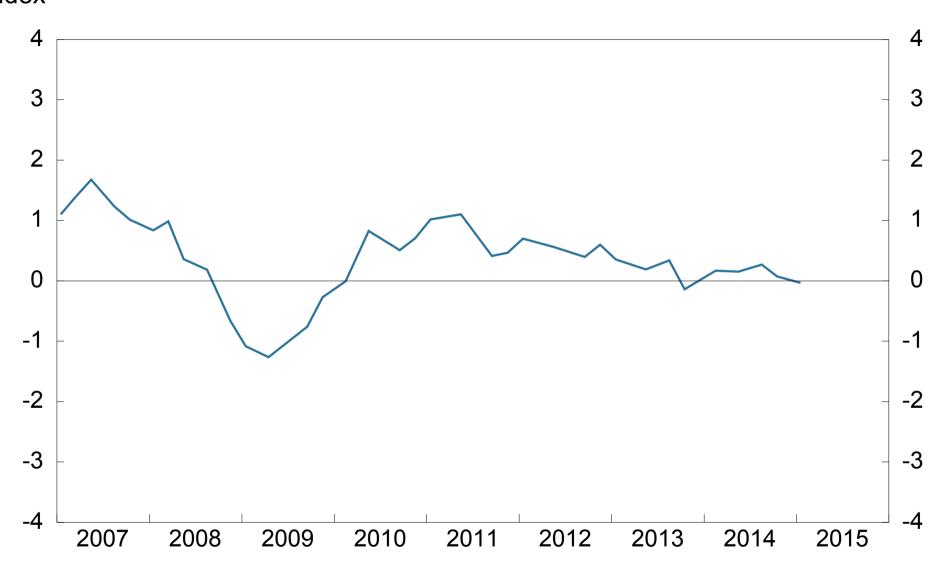
¹ Share that expects higher rise in prices + (1/2 * share that expects rise in prices to remain unchanged).



² Manufacturing, construction, commercial services. ³ Retail trade, household services.

20 Profitability. Aggregated

Change in operating margins past 3 months compared to same period a year earlier. Index¹



¹ The index ranges from -5 to +5, where -5 indicates a sharp fall and +5 indicates strong growth. See article 'Norges Bank's regional network: fresh and useful information' in Economic Bulletin 2/09 for further information.

