#### DISCUSSION OF

# "Optimal Monetary and Fiscal Policy at the ZLB in a Smal Open Economy" by Saroj Bhattarai and Konstantin Egorov

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## The Title Says It All, or Not...

- Optimal: Ramsey/Commitment and Markov Perfect/Discretion
- Monetary: i<sub>t</sub>
- Fiscal:  $G_t$  with  $g(G_t)$  in the utility function
  - Many choices possible here
- $\bullet$  At the ZLB:  $i_t \geq 0$  with sticky prices and hence non-neutral monetary policy
- In a SOE: not your ugrad textbook's, but Galí and Monacelli (2005)
  - an open economy that imports from and exports to the ROW, but has no effect on it
  - "other than that", a standard New-Keynesian economy

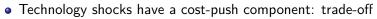
#### Two Distortions

- Monopolistic competition (i.e. markups) and terms of trade manipulation motive
- The subsidy needed to make the steady state efficient

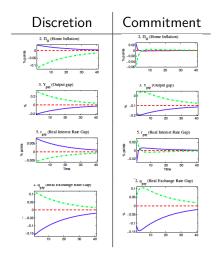
$$1 + s = \frac{\varepsilon}{\varepsilon - 1} \left[ (1 - \alpha) - \eta \alpha \frac{(2 - \alpha)}{[1 - \alpha]} (C + G) \frac{u_{CC}}{u_C} \right]^{-1}$$

- Depends on
  - $\varepsilon$ : markup
  - lpha : openness/home bias
  - $\eta$  (and  $\sigma$ ): elasticity of subs between home and foreign good
  - G: fiscal policy

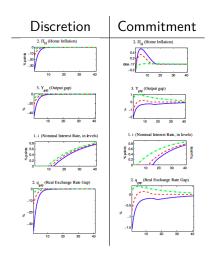
### The Basic Dynamic Trade-Off



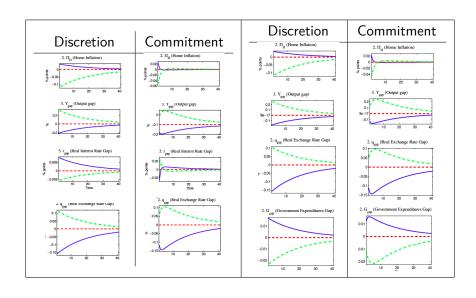
η=0.7



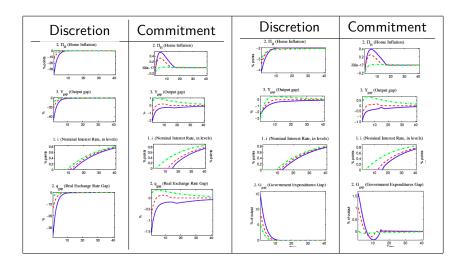
#### At the ZLB



## Fiscal Policy



## Fiscal Policy at the ZLB



#### Conclusions

- Nice contribution to the literature on optimal policy at the ZLB
- Some discussion of its empirical relevance would be welcome
  - Which Countries have or have not followed these prescriptions? What can we learn from their experience?
- Some tension between optimal monetary and fiscal/ZLB/SOE skins
- To ease some of that tension I would suggest
  - More explicit treatment of marginal role of fiscal policy
  - Look at other shocks ( $\beta_t$ ): technology shock seems like an odd choice as a source of ZLB
- Could this be a source of identification for the sneaky elasticity  $\eta$ ?