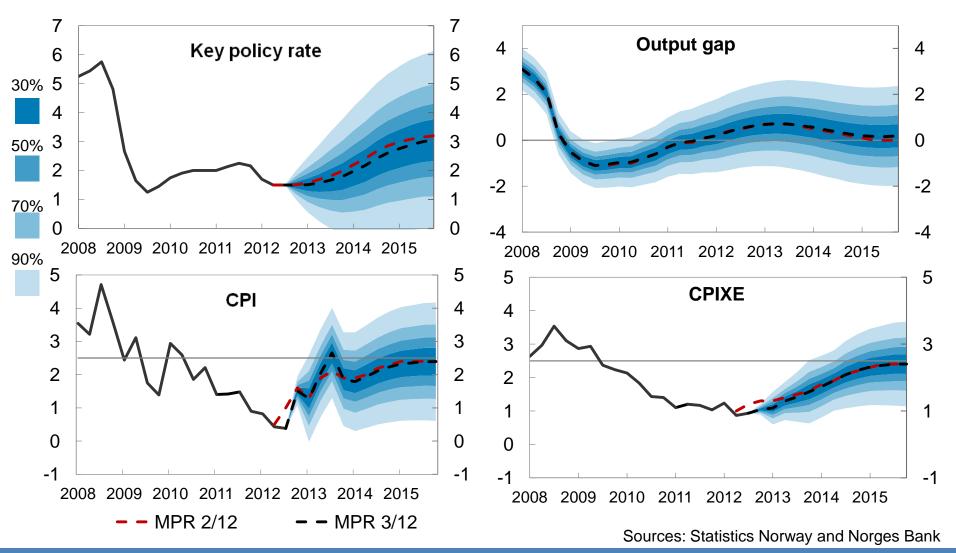
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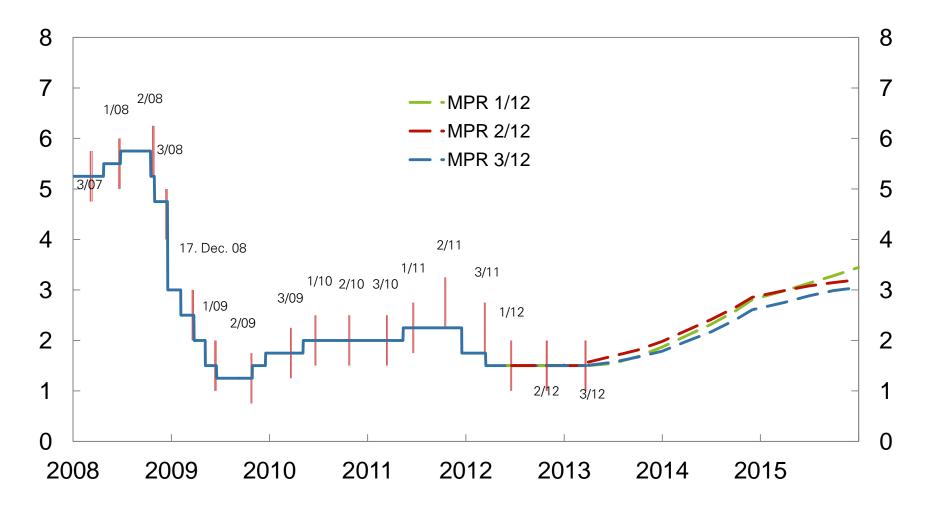
Baseline scenarios with fan charts in MPR 3/12

Percent



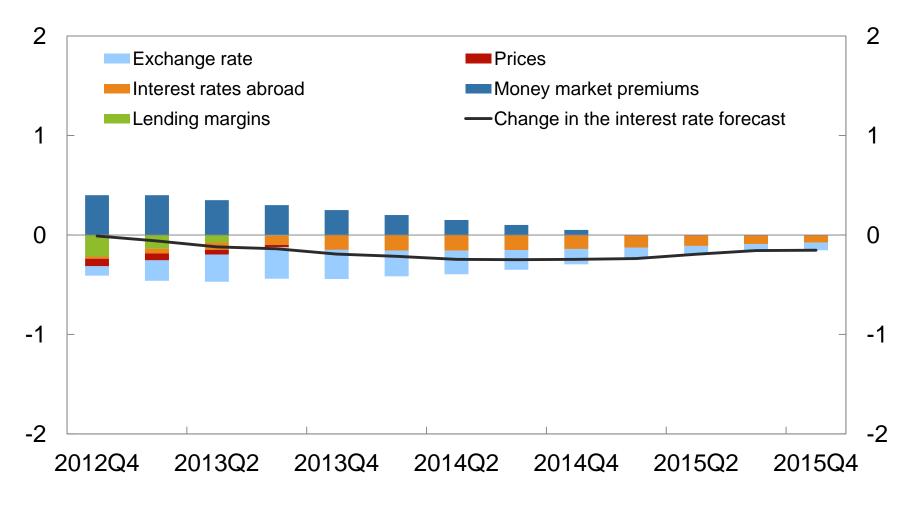
Key policy rate

Percent



Factors behind changes in the interest rate forecast

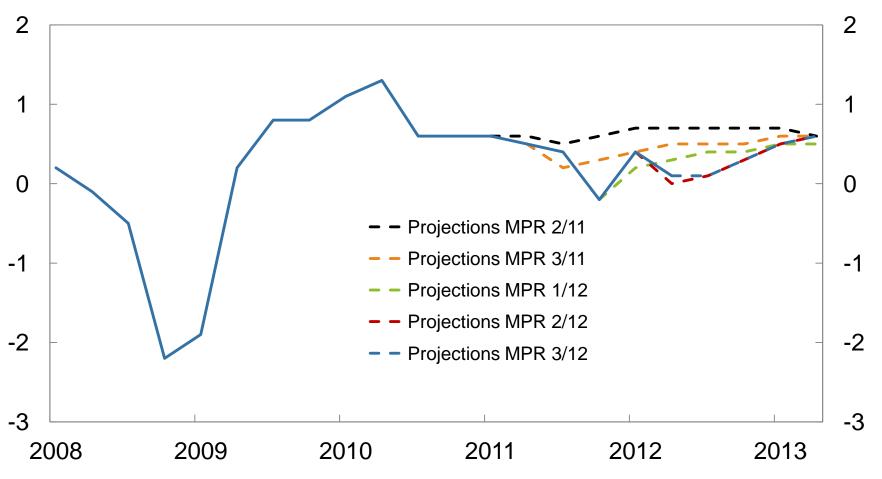
From MPR 2/12 to MPR 3/12. Accumulated contribution. Percentage points



Source: Norges Bank

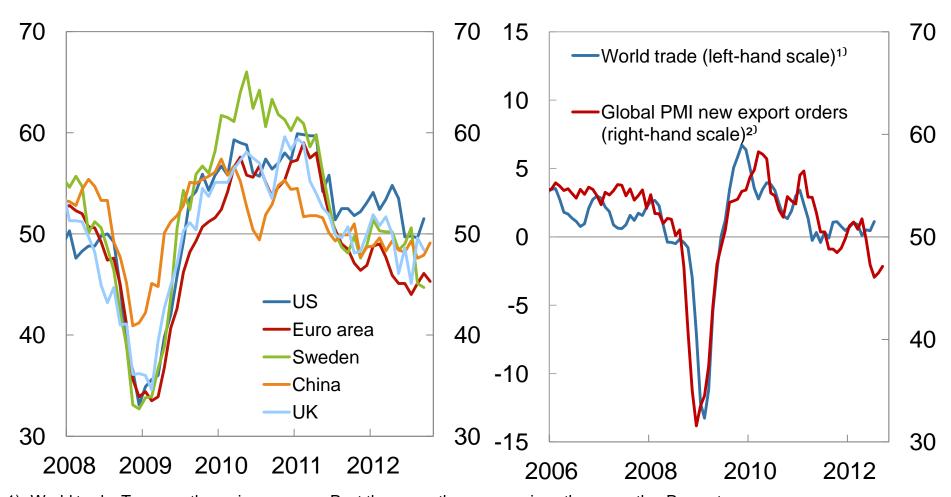
Quarterly GDP growth trading partners

Historical numbers and projections given at different points in time. Percent



Manufacturing PMIs Diffusion index

Growth in world trade and indicator of global exports



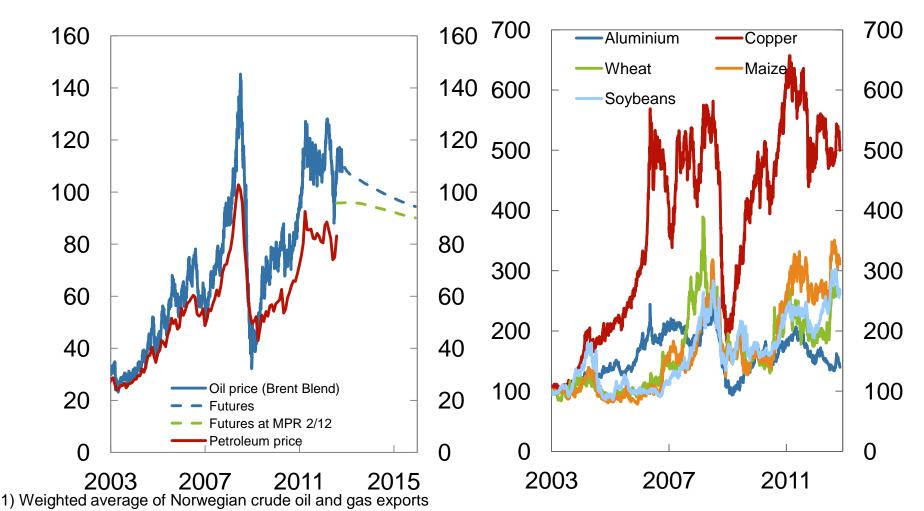
1) World trade: Tree-month moving average. Past three months over previous three months. Percent

2) Global PMI export orders: Diffusion index centred around 50

Source: Thomson Reuters

Oil price and prices for Norwegian petroleum exports¹⁾ USD/barrel

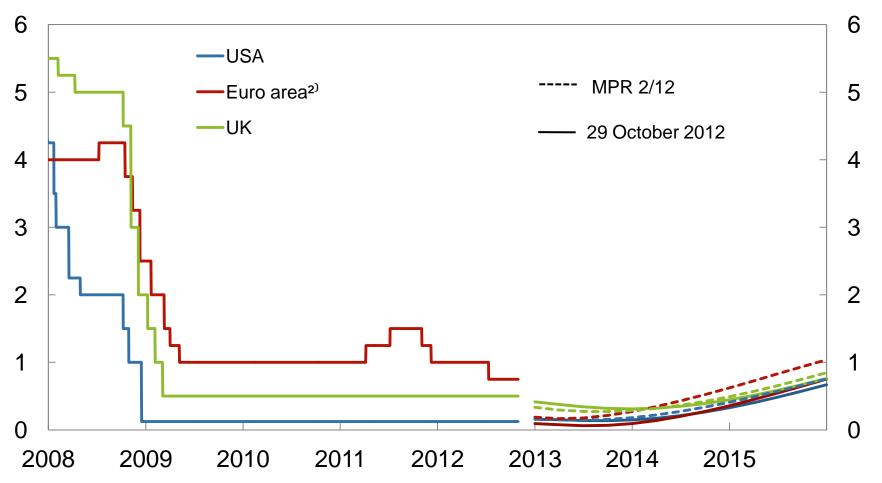
Commodity prices Index. 1 January 2003 = 100



Sources: Thomson Reuters, Statistics Norway, CME Group and Norges Bank

Actual and expected key rates¹⁾

Percent

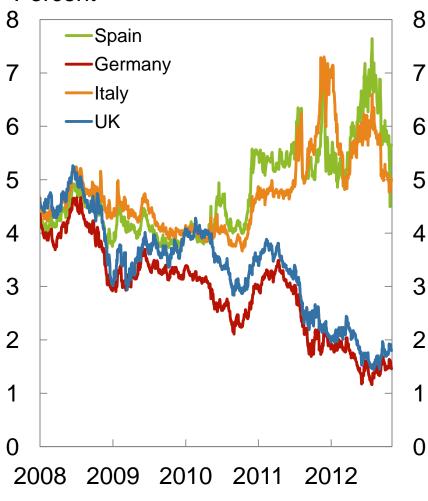


1) Daily figures from 1 January 2008 and quarterly figures from 2012 Q4. Expected key rates are based on Overnight Index Swap (OIS) rates

^{2) 2)} EONIA for euro area from 2012 Q4

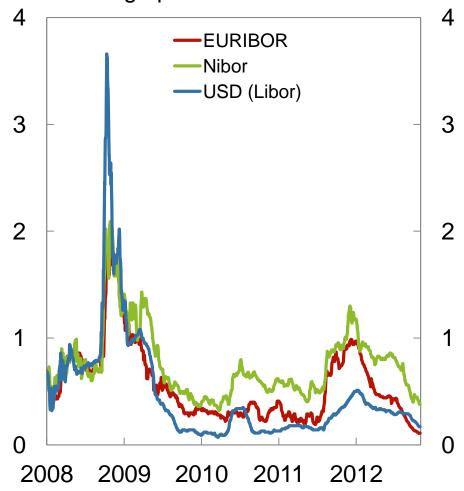
Yields on 10-year government bonds





3-month money market premiums

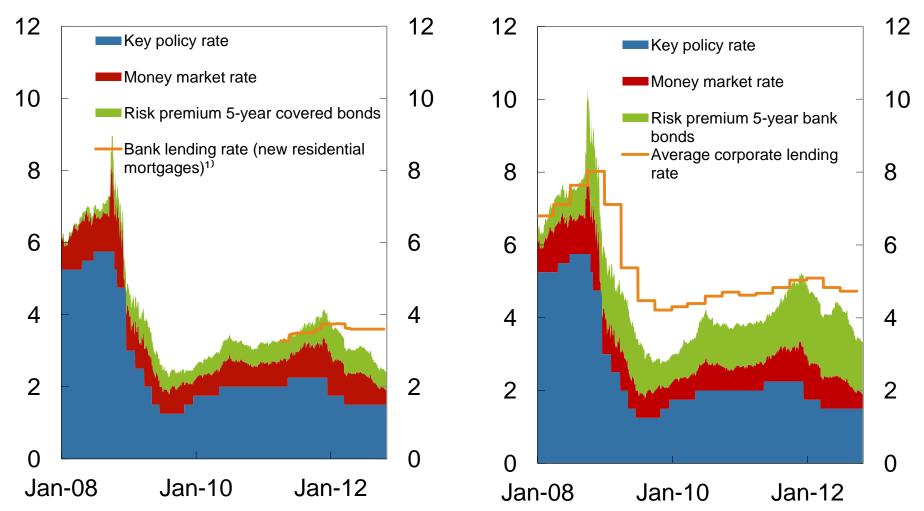
Percentage points



Sources: Bloomberg, Thomson Reuters and Norges Bank

Interest rates

Percent

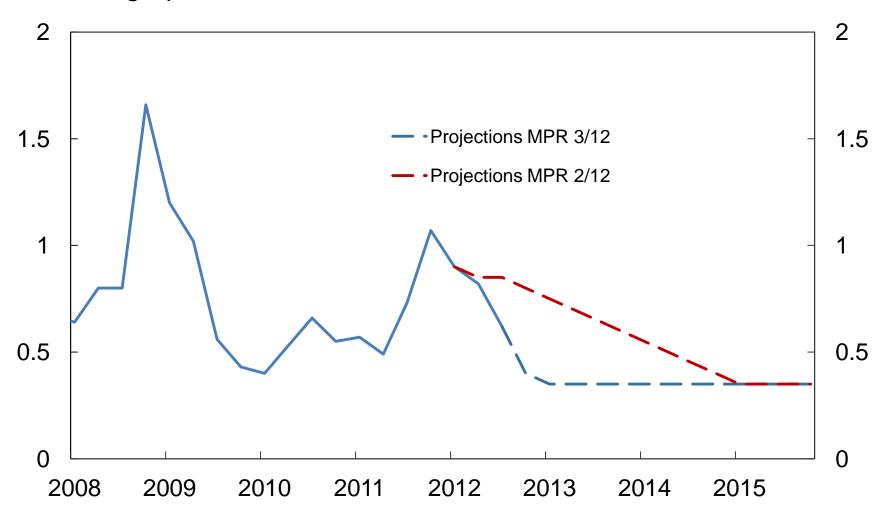


¹⁾ Nominal interest rate on new residential mortgages of NOK 2m within 60% of purchase price

Sources: DNB Markets, Norsk familieøkonomi, Statistics Norway and Norges Bank

Premium in the Norwegian money market

Percentage points

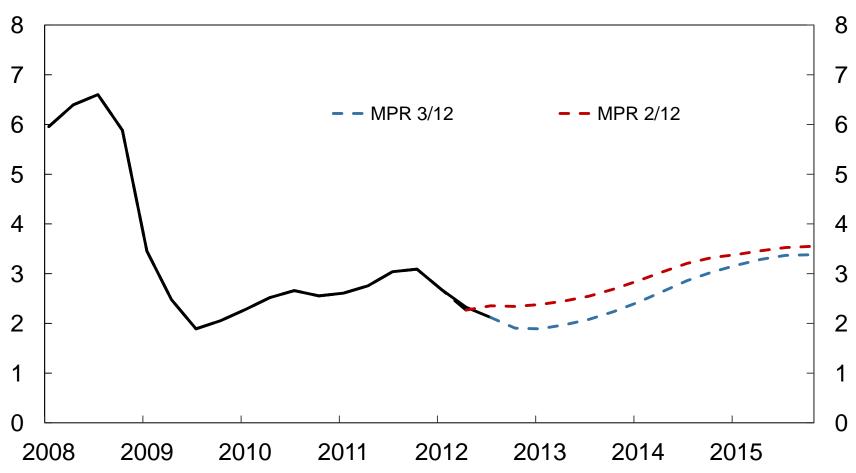


1) Norges Bank's projections from 2012 Q4

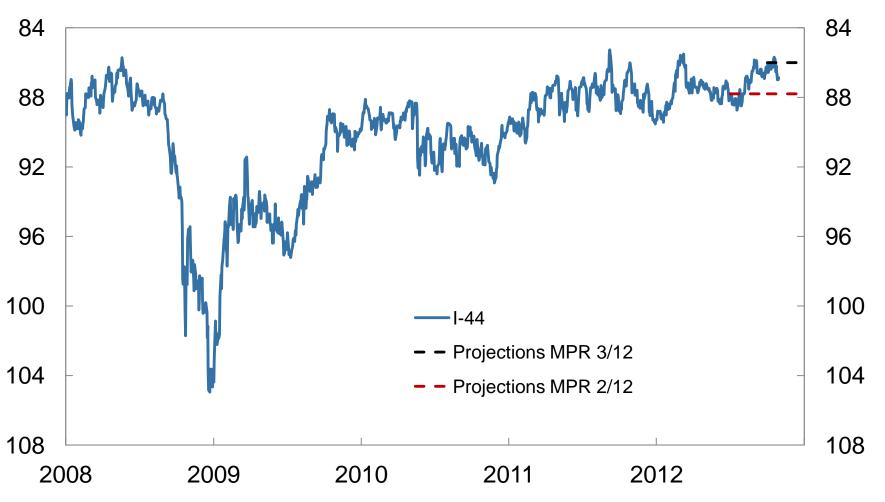
Sources: Thomson Reuters and Norges Bank

Three-month money market rates in the baseline scenario

Percent

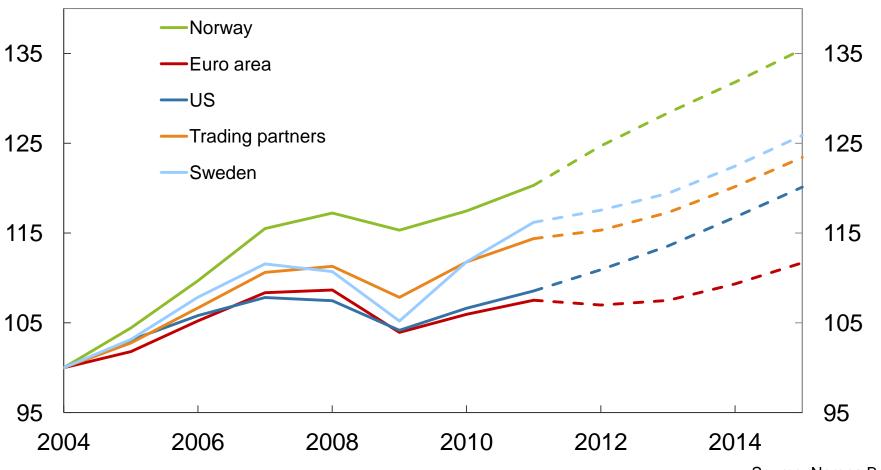


Import-weighted exchange rate index (I-44)¹⁾



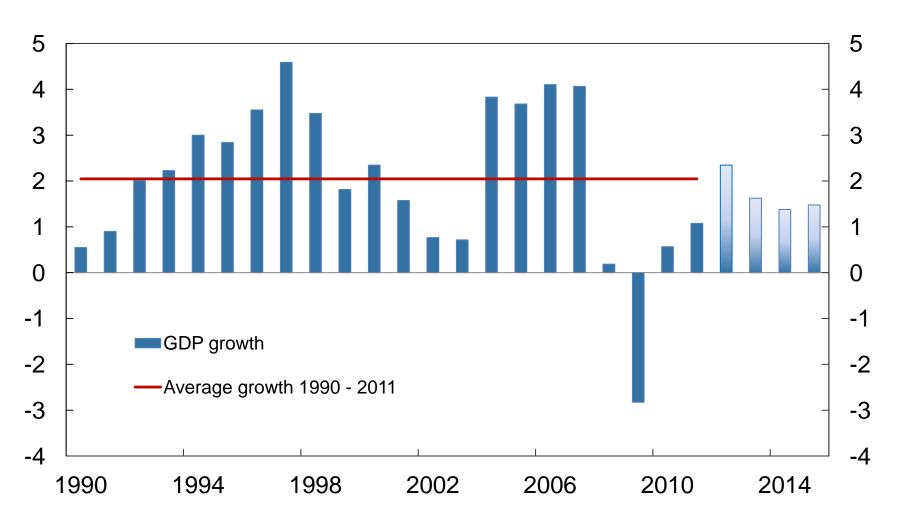
GDP for mainland Norway and selected trading partners

Index. 2004 = 100



GDP mainland Norway per capita

Annual growth. Percent¹⁾

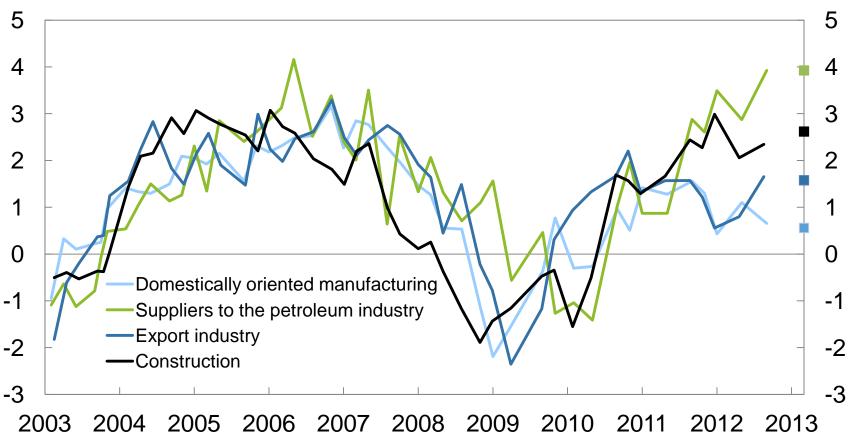


1) Projections for 2012-2015

Sources: Statistics Norway and Norges Bank

Norges Bank's regional network

Production growth past three months and expected growth next six months. Index^{1),2)}



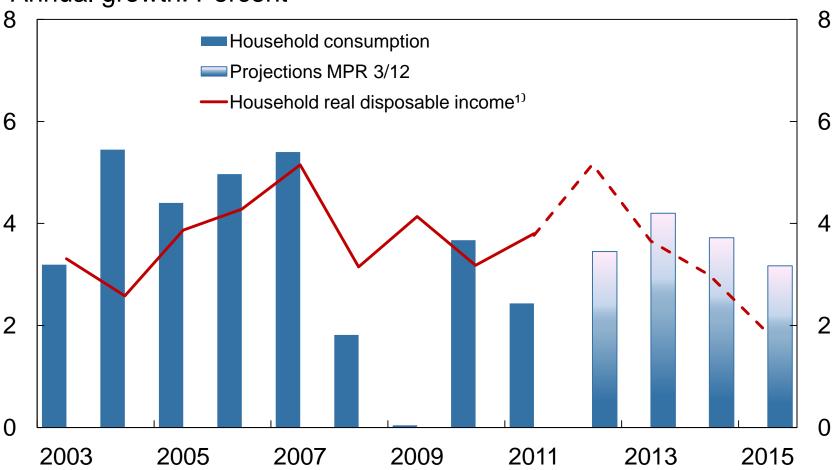
¹⁾ The index ranges from -5 to +5, where -5 indicates a sharp fall and +5 indicates strong growth.

Source: Norges Bank

²⁾ The latest observation in the regional network is September 2012

Household consumption and real disposable income

Annual growth. Percent

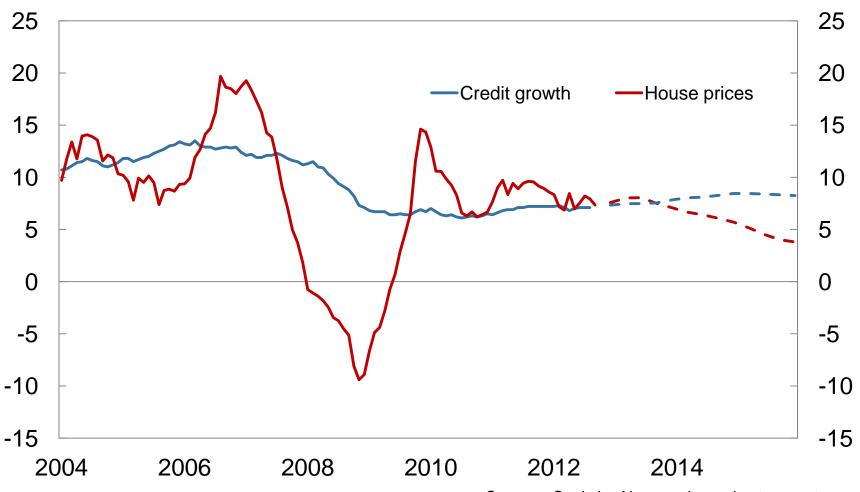


1) Excluding dividend income

Sources: Statistic Norway and Norges Bank

Growth in house prices and credit

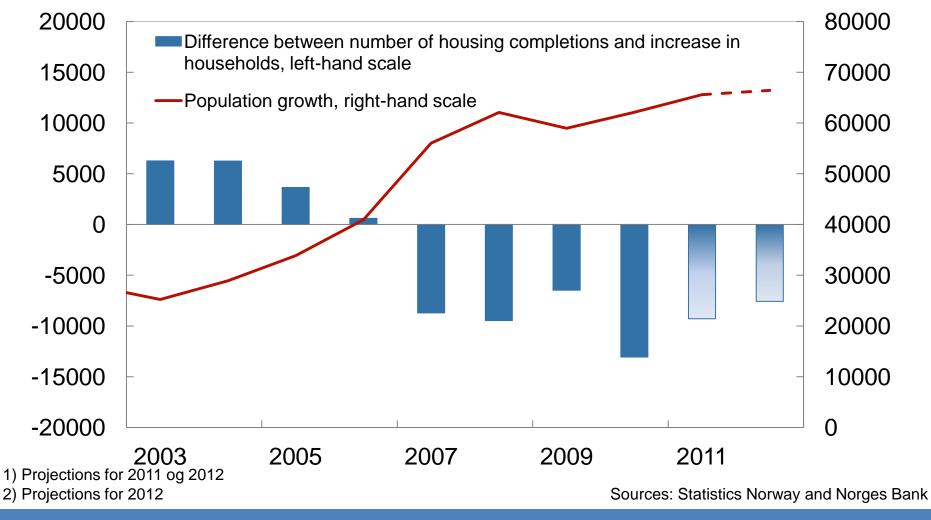
12-month change. Percent 1)



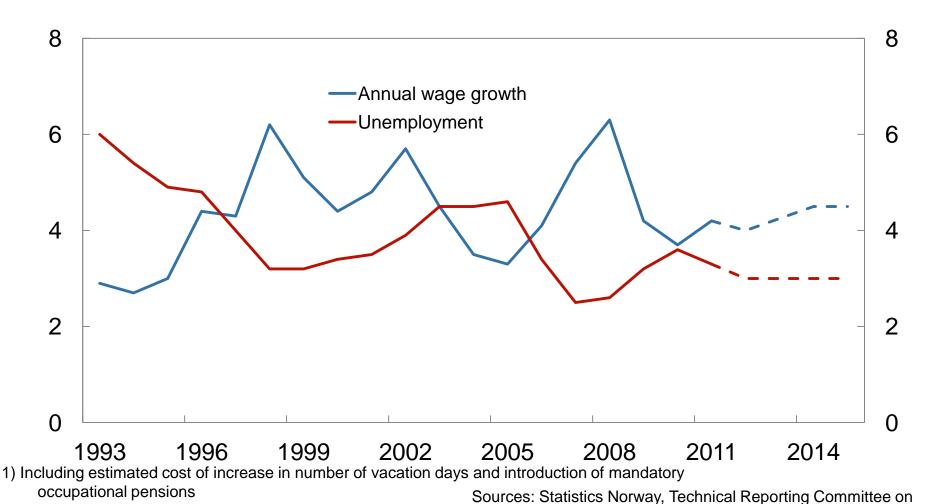
¹⁾ House prices up to and including September and credit growth up to and including August 2012.

Sources: Statistics Norway, the real estate sector (NEF, EFF, Finn.no and ECON Pöyry) and Norges Bank

Difference between number of housing completions and increase in households¹⁾, and population growth²⁾ Annual figures



Annual wage growth¹⁾ and LFS unemployment ²⁾

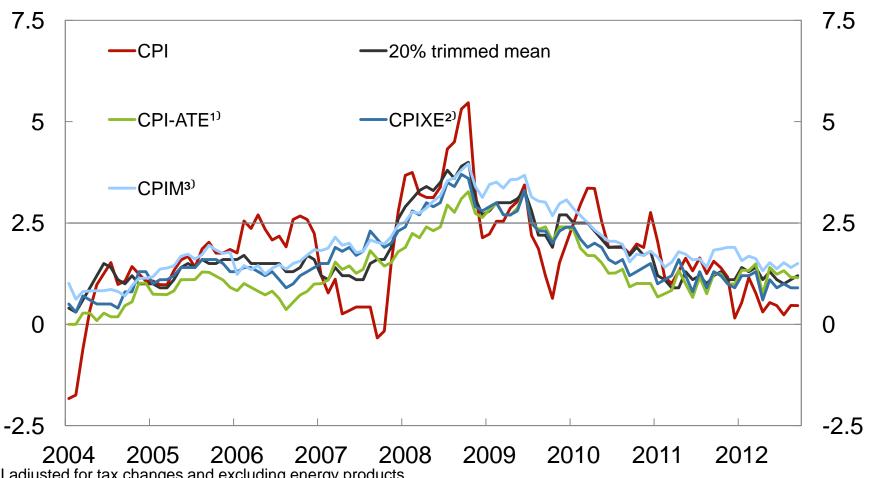


Income Settlements and Norges Bank

2) Projections for 2012 – 2015 (broken lines)

Consumer prices

12-month change. Percent



¹⁾ CPI adjusted for tax changes and excluding energy products

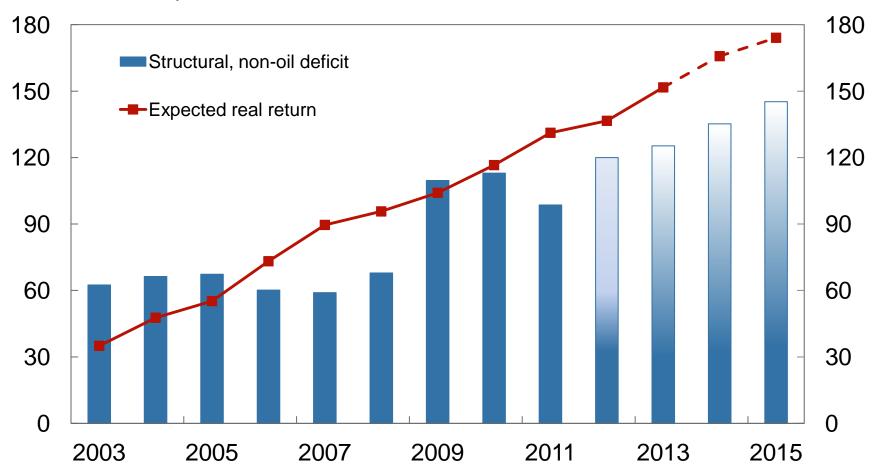
Sources: Statistics Norway and Norges Bank

3) Model-based indicator of underlying inflation. See Norges Bank Economic Commentaries 5/2010

²⁾ CPI adjusted for tax changes and excluding temporary changes in energy prices. Real time figures. See Norges Bank Staff Memo 7/2008 and 3/2009

Structural non-oil deficit and expected real return on the Government Pension Fund Global

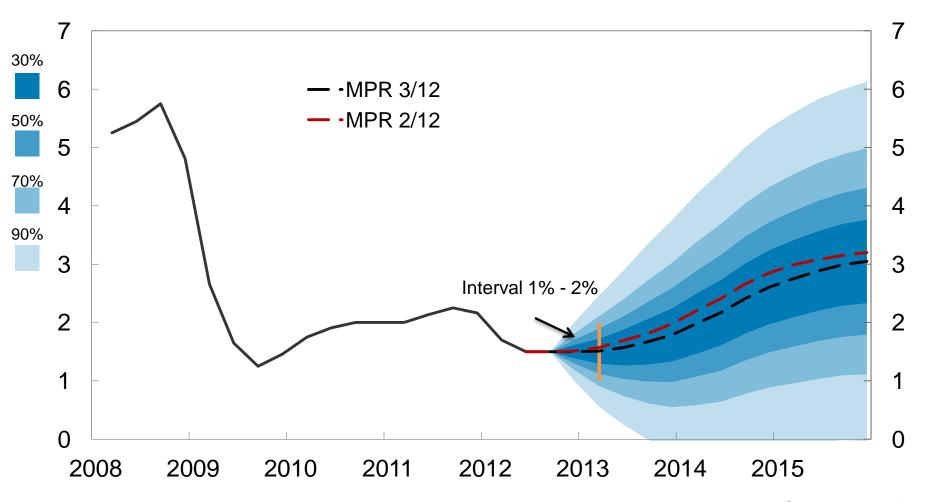
Constant 2012 prices. In billions of NOK. 2001 – 2014¹⁾



1) Projections for 2012 – 2015

Sources: Ministry of Finance and Norges Bank

Projected key policy rate in the baseline scenario



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