NORGES BANK'S SURVEY OF BANK LENDING

Tighter credit standards for households

2017 Q1 PUBLISHED: 27 APRIL 2017

THE SURVEY WAS CONDUCTED IN THE PERIOD 31 MARCH 2017 – 19 APRIL 2017



Norges Bank's quarterly bank lending survey is a qualitative survey of banks' assessment of credit demand and credit standards. The nine largest banks in the Norwegian credit market participate in the survey: DNB, Nordea, Danske Bank, Handelsbanken, Sparebank 1 SR-bank, Sparebanken Vest, Sparebank 1 SMN, Sparebank 1 Nord-Norge and Sparebanken Sør. The survey provides information on changes in credit demand, banks' credit standards, including loan conditions and prices, and the factors influencing banks' credit standards and prices. Banks fill out the survey questionnaires immediately after the end of a quarter. The survey was conducted for the first time after the end of 2007 Q4.

The survey distinguishes between lending to households and lending to non-financial enterprises. In each question, banks are asked to compare developments in the past quarter with the quarter that has just come to an end. They are also asked to compare the quarter that has just come to an end with their expectations with regard to the next quarter. The questions are answered by ticking one of five responses: up a lot, up a little, same, down a little, down a lot. The responses have been converted into a numerical scale ranging from +2 to -2- in the charts in this report. For example, if all the banks in the sample answer that credit demand is up a little, the resulting figure for credit demand will be 1. If all the banks report that credit demand is up a lot, the figure will be 2. Banks' responses are aggregated and weighted by loan volumes. The weights are updated every other year.

Some changes have been made to the questions in the survey and the way the results are reported, effective from 2016 Q3. The changes do not affect the content and have not led to a break in the data series. Norges Bank's *Staff Memo* 17/2016 "Banks' reports of demand and credit standards since 2008: results from Norges Bank's Survey of Bank Lending" provides an account of the Bank's experience of the lending survey.

Norges Bank's Survey of Bank Lending 2017 Q1

Banks tightened credit standards for households in 2017 Q1, as indicated in 2016 Q4, reflecting changes in the regulation on requirements for new residential mortgage loans. Credit demand from households and non-financial enterprises remained unchanged in O1. Lending rates and lending margins increased for both households and non-financial enterprises.

Lending to households

Overall household demand for residential mortgages was unchanged in Q1 (Chart 1). This also applies to first-home mortgages (Chart 3), and demand for fixed rate loans fell somewhat. In 2016 Q4, banks expected developments in demand for residential mortgages to be somewhat stronger in 2017 Q1.

As indicated in Q4, banks tightened credit standards for households in Q1 (Charts 2 and 4-6). Almost all the banks reported that the reason for the tightening was the changes in the regulation on residential mortgage lending that entered into force from 1 January. Credit standards are expected to remain unchanged in Q2. The tightening pertains primarily to loan conditions for maximum debt-to-income (DTI) ratios (Charts 7 and 8). Tightening of loan-to-value (LTV) ratio requirements and the use of interest-only periods had been less pronounced than expected.

As indicated in Q4, lending rates and lending margins on loans to households increased in Q1 (Charts 9 and 10). Funding costs and regulatory requirements were reported to be explanatory factors. Banks do not expect any changes in Q2.

Lending to non-financial enterprises

Overall credit demand from non-financial enterprises was unchanged in Q1 (Chart 1), in line with banks' expectations in Q4 (Chart 11). Demand is also expected to remain unchanged in Q2.

Credit standards for enterprises were reported to be unchanged in Q1 (Charts 2 and 12-14). Credit standards are still expected to remain approximately unchanged in Q2. Loan conditions have tightened somewhat, particularly related to equity capital requirements and the use of fees (Charts 15 and 16).

Margins on loans to enterprises and corporate lending rates were reported to be slightly higher in Q1, with continued minor increases expected in Q2 (Charts 17 and 18). Regulatory changes were reported to be the most important explanatory factor.

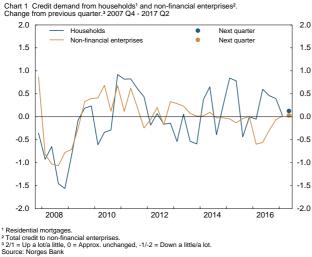
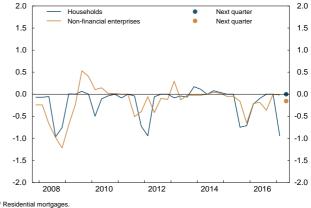


Chart 2 Credit standards for households¹ and non-financial enterprises² Change from previous quarter.³ 2007 Q4 - 2017 Q2





³ 2/1 = Much/Somewhat easier to obtain credit,
 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Somewhat/Much tighter credit standards.
 Source: Norges Bank



¹ Blue bars show reported developments for the relevant quarter. Red dots show expected developments, reported the previous quarter.

² 2/1 = Up a lot/a little, 0 = Approx. unchanged, 1/-2 = Down a little/a lot.
³ Aggregate demand refers to the sum of demand for first-home mortgages, fixed-rate mortgages and all other residential mortgages

(the latter is the largest component).

Source: Norges Bank

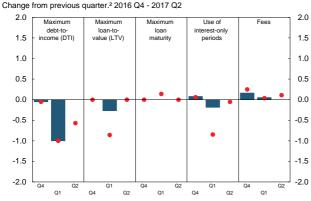
. Chart 5 Factors affecting credit standards.¹ Change from previous quarter.² 2016 Q4 - 2017 Q2

2.0 2.0 Market share objective Fundina Capital 1.5 1.5 1.0 1.0 0.5 0.5 0.0 0.0 -0.5 -0.5 -1.0 -1.0 -1.5 -1.5 -2.0 -2.0 Q4 Q2 0 Q2 01 04 Q1 Q4 Q1 Q2 02 Q4 Q2

Blue bars show reported developments for the relevant quarter

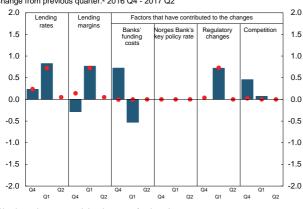
Red dots show expected developments, reported the previous quarter. ² 2/1 = Much/Somewhat easier to obtain credit, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Somewhat/Much tighter credit standards. Source: Norges Bank

Chart 7 Loan conditions for households.



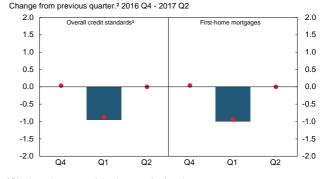
¹ Blue bars show reported developments for the relevant quarter. Red dots show expected developments, reported the previous quarter. ² 2/1 = Up a lot/a little, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Down a little/a lot. Source: Norges Bank

Chart 9 Lending rates and lending margins.¹ Lending to households. Change from previous quarter.² 2016 Q4 - 2017 Q2



¹ Blue bars show reported developments for the relevant quarter. Red dots show expected developments, reported the previous quarter. ² 2/1 = Up a lot/a little, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Down a little/a lot. Source: Norges Bank

Chart 4 Credit standards for households.¹



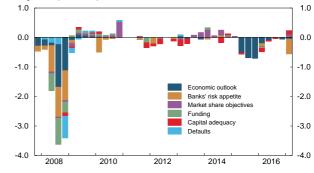
¹ Blue bars show reported developments for the relevant quarter. Red dots show expected developments, reported the previous quarter

² 2/1 = Much/Somewhat easier to obtain credit.

a Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Somewhat/Much tighter credit standards.
 Overall credit standards refers to credit standards for first-home mortgages

and all other residential mortgages (the latter is the largest component). Source: Norges Bank

Chart 6 Factors affecting credit standards for households.¹ Change from previous quarter.² 2007 Q4 - 2017 Q1

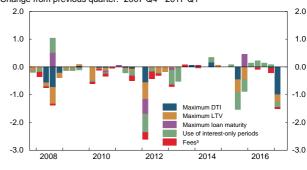


¹ Total response in a quarter from all banks for all six factors. If all banks responded "much easier to obtain credit" on all factors,

² 2/1 = Much/Somewhat easier to obtain credit, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Somewhat/Much tighter credit standards. Source: Norges Bank

Chart 8 Loan conditions for households.¹

Change from previous quarter.² 2007 Q4 - 2017 Q1

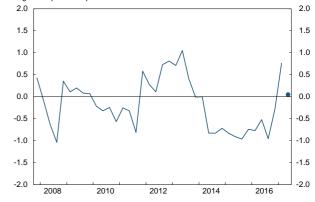


¹ Total response in a quarter from all banks for all six factors. If all banks responded "much easier to obtain credit" on all factors, the resulting figure would be 10. ² 2/1 = Up a lot/a little, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Down a little/a lot. ³ As higher fees make it harder to obtain credit, the for any time has been appendix or a little of the formation of the second s

the fee series has been negativised.

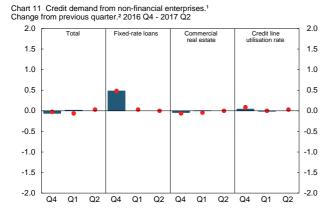
Source: Norges Bank

Chart 10 Margin on total residential mortgage loans to households.¹ Change from previous quarter.³ 2007 Q4 - 2017 Q2



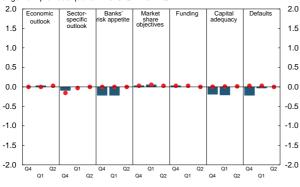
¹ The blue line shows reported developments in the relevant quarter.

The blue dot shows expected developments for the next quarter ² 2/1 = Up a lot/a little, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Down a little/a lot. Source: Norges Bank



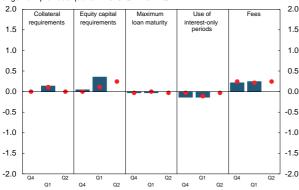
¹ Blue bars show reported developments for the relevant quarter. Red dots show expected developments, reported the previous quarter 2 2/1 = Up a lot/a little, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Down a little/a lot. Source: Norges Bank

Chart 13 Factors affecting credit standards for non-financial enterprises.¹ Change from previous quarter.² 2016 Q4 - 2017 Q2



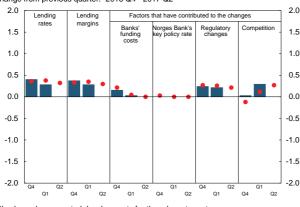
Blue bars show reported developments for the relevant quarter. Red dots show expected developments, reported the previous quarter. ² 2/1 = Much/Somewhat easier to obtain credit, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Somewhat/Much tighter credit standards. Source: Norges Bank

Chart 15 Loan conditions for non-financial enterprises.¹ Change from previous quarter.² 2016 Q4 - 2017 Q2



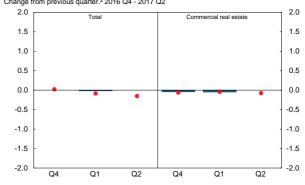
¹ Blue bars show reported developments for the relevant quarter. Red dots show expected developments, reported the previous quarter. ² 2/1 = Up a lot/a little, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Down a little/a lot. Source: Norges Bank

Chart 17 Lending rates and lending margins.¹ Loans to non-financial enterprises. Change from previous quarter.² 2016 Q4 - 2017 Q2



¹ Blue bars show reported developments for the relevant quarter. Red dots show expected developments, reported the previous quarter. ² 2/1 = Up a lot/a little, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Down a little/a lot. Source: Norges Bank

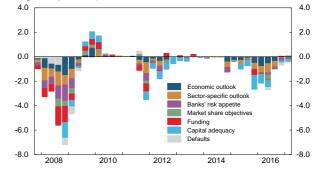
Chart 12 Credit standards for non-financial enterprises.¹ Change from previous quarter.² 2016 Q4 - 2017 Q2



¹ Blue bars show reported developments for the relevant quarter. Red dots show expected developments, reported the previous quarter.
2 = Much easier to get loans, 1 = Somewhat easier to get loans, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1 = Somewhat tighter credit standards, -2 = Much tighter credit standards.

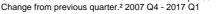
Source: Norges Bank

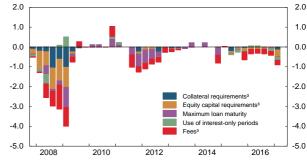
Chart 14 Factors affecting credit standards for non-financial enterprises.¹ Change from previous quarter.² 2007 Q4 - 2017 Q1



¹ Total response in a quarter from all banks for all six factors. If all banks responded "much easier to obtain credit" on all factors, the resulting figure would be 14. ² 2/1 = Much/Somewhat easier to obtain credit, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Somewhat/Much tighter credit standards. Course Network Destination of the standards. Source: Norges Bank

Chart 16 Loan conditions for non-financial enterprises.¹

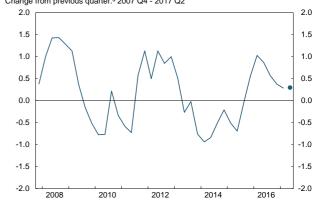




¹ Total response in a quarter from all banks for all six factors. If all banks responded "much easier to obtain credit" on all factors, the resulting figure would be 10.
 ² 2/1 = Up a lot/a little, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Down a little/a lot.
 ³ As an increase in the ³-series makes it harder to obtain credit, these series have been negativised.

Source: Norges Bank

Chart 18 Margin on total loans to non-financial enterprises.¹ Change from previous quarter.³ 2007 Q4 - 2017 Q2



¹ The blue line shows reported developments in the relevant quarter.

The blue dot shows expected developments for the next quarter ² 2/1 = Up a lot/a little, 0 = Approx. unchanged, -1/-2 = Down a little/a lot. Source: Norges Bank